



**MURANG'A UNIVERSITY COLLEGE**  
(A constituent College of Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology)  
**END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATION: JAN-APRIL 2016**

**UNIT CODE: BLC 2106-**

**UNIT TITLE: INTRODUCTION TO CRIMINAL LAW**

**DATE; 22<sup>ND</sup> APRIL 2016**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

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**INSTRUCTION**

**ANSWER Question *ONE* and any other *TWO* Questions**

**QUESTION ONE**

Explain what you understand by the following the terms ; [each 6 marks]

- a) Procedural law
- b) Double jeopardy
- c) Insanity defence
- d) Alibi
- e) Constitution.

**QUESTION TWO**

Describe how the Kenya constitution and the criminal procedure code safeguard the rights of suspects in the criminal justice process . [20 marks]

**QUESTION THREE**

Giving examples, Identify and describe the main sources of Kenyan laws. [20 marks]

**QUESTION FOUR**

Outline the steps in a trial process in a magistrate's court from the point of first appearance to the end. [20 marks]

**QUESTION FIVE**

By use of examples, describe the role of the International Criminal Court. [20 marks]



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**SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2016**

**BLC 2106- INTRODUCTION TO CRIMINAL LAW**

Q1 Write short notes on ;

- a) Treaties in international criminal law.
- b) felonies
- c) judgement in a court of law
- d) criminal law
- e) *mala in se* crimes.

Q2 Giving examples, describe ideal features of a good criminal law

Q3 “The purpose of substantive criminal laws is to bring about a reduction in crime.” Discuss this statement.

Q4 Describe some defences that an accused person can cite in a court of law for reduced criminal liability

Q5 Explain how the international humanitarian law protects refugees and displaced persons

