



# MURANG'A UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

## SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCE

DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED SCIENCE

UNIVERSITY ORDINARY EXAMINATION

2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR

**THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR BACHELOR OF  
SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE**

AMM301 – REAL ANALYSIS

DURATION: 2 HOURS

DATE: 11<sup>TH</sup> DECEMBER 2017

TIME: 2.00PM – 4.00PM

### **Instructions to Candidates:**

1. Answer **Question 1** and **Any Other Two** questions.
2. Mobile phones are not allowed in the examination room.
3. You are not allowed to write on this examination question paper.

## SECTION A (Compulsory)

### QUESTION ONE (30 Marks)

- a) Define the following terms
- Bounded sets
  - Closed sets
  - Convergent sequence (6 Marks)
- b) Given the set  $S = \left\{ \frac{m}{n} : m, n \in \mathbb{N}, m < n \right\}$ . Find the infimum and supremum of S. (2 Marks)
- c) Show that the set of natural numbers  $\mathbb{N}$  is not open. (3 Marks)
- d) Show that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$  by first principles method. (4 Marks)
- e) Prove that every convergent sequence of real numbers is bounded. (5 Marks)
- f) Find the sum of the following series
- $$\sum_{n=1}^8 \frac{1}{3^{n+1}} \quad (4 \text{ Marks})$$
- g) Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Prove that
- $$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = 5 \quad (6 \text{ Marks})$$

## SECTION B (Answer any two questions)

### QUESTION TWO (20 Marks)

- a) Show that  $\sqrt{7}$  is not a rational number (5 Marks)
- b) If X and Y are sets. Show that;
- $(X \cup Y)^c = X^c \cap Y^c$  (6 Marks)
  - $(X \cap Y)^c = X^c \cup Y^c$  (6 Marks)
- c) Prove that for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $x > 0$  there exist  $x^{-1} > 0$  (3 Marks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 Marks)

- a) Show that the sequence  $(x_n)$  in  $\mathbb{R}$  has unique limit. (5 Marks)
- b) Let X be a non empty set and define;
- $$d(x, y) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x = y \\ 1, & \text{if } x \neq y \end{cases}$$
- Show that  $d$  is a metric on X. (5 Marks)
- c) Show that a real number P is a limit point of a subset S of  $\mathbb{R}$  if and only if every neighborhood of P contain infinitely many points of S. (7 Marks)

- d) Show that the union of any finite number of closed sets is closed. (3 Marks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 Marks)**

- a) Prove that the set  $\mathbb{R}$  of real number is uncountable. (6 Marks)

- b) Determine whether the following series conveys or diverges

$$\sum \frac{2^n + 5}{3^n} \quad (4 \text{ Marks})$$

- c) Prove that  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 6$  is continuous at  $x = 3$  (6 Marks)

- d) Evaluate:

i.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{x-1}$  (2 Marks)

ii.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-4}{x-2}$  (2 Marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 Marks)**

- a) Show that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3n+2}{n+1} \right) = 3$  (3 Marks)

- b) Evaluate the following;

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+4}-2}{x} \quad (4 \text{ Marks})$$

- c) Show that if  $x$  and  $y$  are real numbers with  $x < y$  then there exists an irrational number  $w$  such that  $x < w < y$  (4 Marks)

- d) Calculate the limit superior and limit inferior for the following sequences

i.  $x_n = (-1)^n$  (3 Marks)

ii.  $x_n = n(1 + (-1)^n)$  (3 Marks)

- e) Let  $M$  and  $N$  be neighborhood of a point  $x$ . Show that  $M \cap N$  is also a neighborhood of  $x$ . (3 Marks)