MURANG'A COLLEGED OF TECHNOLOGY SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS ME/A/P/11D MECHANICAL TECHNOLOGY TIME: 3 HOURS DATE: 7TH SEPTEMBER 2012

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.

- Attempt FOUR Questions as Instructed.
- All Questions carry equal marks.

SECTION A: THERMODYNAMICS

ANSWER **<u>BOTH</u>** QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.

QUESTION ONE.

- (a) By use of a diagram, describe the working principles of the ORSAT apparatus used in the analysis of combustion. (5 marks)
- (b) A quantity of a fuel has the following analysis C-82%, H-6%, 0-6% and N-7%. He dry flue gas analysis showed 14% CO₂ and some oxygen, determine
 - (i) Stoidoiometric air fuel ratio.
 - (ii) Mixture strength.
 - (iii) Percentage of excess air supplied.

(15 marks)

QUESTIONS

(a) Develop an expression, for the logarithmic mean temperature difference for a parallel flow heat exchanger in terms of the inlet and outlet. Temperatures of the fluid i.e

$$\Theta_{M} \left(\frac{\Theta_{2} - \Theta_{1}}{\Theta_{1}} \right)$$
In $\left(\frac{\Theta_{2}}{\Theta_{1}} \right)$
(11 marks)

- (b) A furnace wall consists of 125mm wide refractory brick and 125mm wide insulating firebrick separated by an air gap. The outside wall is covered with a 12mm thickness of plaster. The heat transfer coefficient form the outside wall surface to the air in the room is 17W/m²K and the resistance to heat flow of the air gap is 0.16K/W, the thermal conductivity of the refractory brick, insulating firebrick and the plaster are 1.6, 0.3 and 0.14 W/mK respectively. Considering 1m² of surface area, Determine
 - (i) The rate of heat transfer
 - (ii) The interface temperature and the temperature of the outside surface of the wall . (9 marks)