



**MURANG'A UNIVERSITY COLLEGE**

**(A Constituent College of Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology)**

**University Examinations 2015/2016**

**FIRST/SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE  
OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT**

**HBC 2109: FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS**

**COURSE: B.Sc. HRM**

**TIME: 2HRS**

**DAY/TIME: 9.00-11.00PM**

**DATE: 22<sup>ND</sup> APRIL 2016**

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*Instructions: Answer Question 1 and Any Other Two.*

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**QUESTION ONE (30mks)**

- a) Define the following terms. (6mks)
- i. Computer
  - ii. Computer hardware
  - iii. Bit
  - iv. Byte
  - v. Data
  - vi. RISC processor
- b) Microsoft office suite offers several programs that help in word processing, spreadsheet processing, and presentation among other things. Answer the following questions
- i. Describe how you save your assignment in a word document? (2mks)
  - ii. What is the difference between 'save' and 'save as'? (2mks)

- iii. What does 'Formatting' mean as relates to a MS Word processor? (1mk)
- iv. What do 'Formulas' do as relates to Excel spreadsheet? (1mk)
- v. What is the difference between a bar graph and a pie chart? (2mks)
- c) Name and describe four major categories of computers (4mks)
- d) Draw a block diagram of a basic computer system. Clearly label and explain the functions of each of the major parts (8mks)
- e) Over time there has been various processor generations. What characterized processors of generation one compared of those of generation two (4mks)

**QUESTION TWO (20mks)**

- a) Answer the following
  - i. What are the categories of computer software? In each case describe what is meant by each category of software (4mks)
  - ii. A utility program performs a specific task, usually related to managing a computer, its devices, or its programs. Name and describe 4 common utility programs. (4mks)
- b) There are several programming language generations
  - i. Describe what a 3rd generation language (3GL) is. Give an example of such languages. (2mks)
  - ii. Describe the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> generation languages and how they differ from the 3<sup>rd</sup> generation language. (3mks)
- c) What are 3 design features that have been the characteristics of RISC processors? Give a brief description in each case. (3mks)
- d) The performance of various processor types varies and is normally calculated using a common equation.
  - i. Write down this equation (2mks)

- ii. How does CISC utilise the formula compared to RISC in order to optimally operate. (2mks)

**QUESTION THREE (20mks)**

- a) Define the following terms. In each case give two examples. (6mks)
- i. Word processor software
  - ii. Spreadsheet software
- b) Computers have various language categories some that require translators
- i. What is a computer language translator? (2mk)
  - ii. Name three kinds of language translators. Indicate what each is used for(3mks)
  - iii. In each of the language translators named above give 3 advantages in each case (9mks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20mks)**

- a) There are various computer languages just like there are human languages
- i. Name and describe the two main classification of computer languages (2mks)
  - ii. For each of the classification named in question (a) above, give 2 advantages and 2 disadvantages in each case (8mks)
  - iii. For each of the classification named in question (a) above, give at two examples in each case(4mks)
  - iv. Convert the following numbers into their binary equivalent? (4mks)
    - i. 49
    - ii. 121
  - v. Convert 00100100 to decimal. (2mks)