



**MURANG'A UNIVERSITY COLLEGE
(A CONSTITUENT COLLEGE OF JOMO KENYATTA UNIVERSITY OF
AGRICULTURE AND TECHNOLOGY)**

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2013/2014

**2ND YEAR / FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS FOR THE DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.**

HRD 2102: DEVELOPMENT STUDIES AND ETHICS

DATE: 11 DEC.2013

TIME: 9.00AM-11.00AM

INSTRUCTIONS

- There are FIVE Questions in this paper.
- Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions.



MRUC IS ISO 9001:2008 CERTIFIED

Question One

The two terms; “Economic Development” and “Economic Growth” are usually used interchangeably with such terms as Economic Welfare, Economic Progress and Secular change. Some economists, however, like Schumpeter and Mrs. Ursula Hicks have drawn a distinction between the more commonly used terms, Economic Development and Economic Growth. As a scholar pursuing a course unit- “Development Studies and Ethics”;

- i. Delineate with clarity the distinction between Economic Development and Economic Growth. (10Marks)
- ii. Explain salient determinants of Economic Development. (20 Marks)

Question Two

Project Planning is noted to be the first activity in Project Management. It requires that the project planner appreciates the underlying project policy (ies), expected standards; and should have an understanding of financial budgeting and cost control procedures. Given the foregoing;

- i. Define your understanding of “Project Development Cycle.” (10 Marks)
- ii. Discuss obstacles in Project Management and how to overcome such obstacles. (10 Marks)

Question Three

Ethics refers to principles, values and beliefs that define right and wrong decisions and behavior. Given the foregoing, discuss factors that determine whether a person acts ethically or unethically.

(20 Marks)



Question Four

Discuss effects of modern technology on society. (20Marks)

Question Five

Write brief explanatory notes on each of the following ; (5 Marks each)

- i. Division of labour
- ii. Different leadership styles
- iii. Role and responsibility of professionals in society
- iv. Group dynamics

