

MURANG'A UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF PURE, APPLIED AND HEALTH SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SCIENCES

UNIVERSITY ORDINARY EXAMINATION

2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR

FIRST YEAR **SECOND** SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN NURSING

HNB 137: HEALTH COMMUNICATION AND COUNSELING

DURATION: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. Answer all questions.
- 2. Mobile phones are not allowed in the examination room.
- 3. You are not allowed to write on this examination question paper.

SECTION A (20 MARKS): MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

- 1. The following are characteristics of counselling except?
 - a. Growth and change
 - b. Intensity
 - c. Problem resolution
 - d. Support
- 2. The following are components of effective counselling according to Carl Rogers except?
 - a. Empathy
 - b. Congruence
 - c. Unconditional positive regard
 - d. Respect
- 3. Therapeutic nurse patient relationship is a caring relationship develops when nurse and patient come together in the moment which results in:
 - a. satisfaction
 - b. harmony and healing
 - c. respect
 - d. comfort
- 4. Environment as a component of communications is defined as:
 - a. Circumstance that forms the setting of an event statement or idea
 - b. The space where you send and receive messages
 - c. The degree to which the environment is formal or informal.
 - d. Respond to the source intentionally or unintentionally.
- 5. The following are conditions that facilitate counselling except?
 - a. Internal conditions
 - b. Empathy
 - c. Genuineness and resolutions
 - d. Action and resolution
- 6. The social cognitive theory as applied in health communication emphasis on?
 - a. Reciprocal interaction between personal factors environmental influence and behaviour.
 - b. Behaviour change occurs in stages preconter plation preparation action maintence and sometimes relapse
 - c. Effectiveness of health communication depend on the audience motivation and ability to process information
 - d. This theory explores how new ideas, innovations or the behaviour spiral through a population.
- 7. Active listening in nurse patient relation means?
 - a. Restating too much in a conversation of what the patient has verbalized
 - b. Speak calmly and slow in terms that that the patient understands
 - c. Making sure you understand patient concerns by restating what she has verbalized

- d. Smile at intervals and nod your head as you and patient engage in conversation
- 8. The following are counselling situation except?
 - a. Development
 - b. Promotive
 - c. Prouptive
 - d. Facilitative
- 9. The following are counselling skills except?
 - a. Setting a relaxed non-threatening atmosphere
 - b. Facilitating decision making
 - c. Validating the client
 - d. Allowing client be active listeners and nonverbal communication
- 10. The following are areas of counselling except?
 - a. High self-esteem and lack of confidence
 - b. Relationships
 - c. Trauma
 - d. Stress
- 11. Context in communication refers to:
 - a. The space where you send and receive messages
 - b. Response to the source intentionally or unintentionally
 - c. Circumstance that forms the setting for an event statement or idea
 - d. The meaning produced by the source for the receiver or audience
- 12. The following are essentials in upholding ethical standard in dissemination of health information except?
 - a. Accuracy
 - b. Respect
 - c. Transparency
 - d. Confidentiality
- 13. Risk reduction and awareness in health communication entails?
 - a. Helping individuals understand the consequence of certain actions and motivates them to adopt healthier lifelines
 - b. It enhances the patients understanding of their health conditions and fosters a collaborative approach to health care
 - c. Ensure that the public receives essential information about safety measures, evaluation procedure and access to health care services
 - d. Addressing health disparities by tailoring messages to diverse population
- 14. In health communication the communicator is?
 - a. Vehicle
 - b. Encoder
 - c. Interpreter
 - d. Decoder

- 15. The following are key performance indicators for subcounty public health nurse except?
 - a. Perception of the staff in health facilities appraised
 - b. Adherence to established policies, standards and procedures
 - c. Level of staff discipline and productivity
 - d. Analysing prevalence of HIV/AIDS AND TB
- 16. The following ain duties of sub country medical officer of health except?
 - a. To create enabling environment for sustainable collaboration with stake holder and partners for the purposes of advancement of the optimum health car services
 - b. Conduct all according and financials importing to relevant authorities
 - c. Lead the delivery of emergency and referral services in consultation with relevant country emergency and referral officer
 - d. Responsible for mobilizing necessary resources from within and without the sub country to implement planned health project activities and interventions as at the subcounty.
- 17. The following are duties and responsibilities of sub county public health nurse except
 - a. To oversee patient clerkship diagnosis and admission of patient at the hospital accidents and emergency department.
 - b. Provide leadership to the staff deployed at the primary health facilities.
 - c. Provide technical support to the staff at the facility on recommended health practises and nursing procedure
 - d. Shall ensure an inclusive and accountable budgeting process of health facilities at sub-county.
- 18. The principle of non-judgemental in counselling means
 - a. Treat each and every patient as unique and respect his problem as well
 - b. Not getting emotionally involved with the patient and avoid getting carried away with his feelings
 - c. Accept the patient with his physical psychological, social economic and cultural conditions
 - d. Do not criticize or comment negativity regarding patients complain.
- 19. Humanistic counselling theories stipulated that
 - a. People experience psychological and emotional difficulties when their thinking is out of sync with reality
 - b. People engaged in problematic thinking and behaviour when their environment support it.
 - c. People have within themselves all the resource they need to live health and functions they need to live and that problem occur as a result of restricted or unavailable problem-solving resources.
 - d. Psychological problem results from the present-day influence of unconscious psychological drives or motivates stemming from past relationship and experience

- 20. The following are forms of verbal communication accept.
 - a. Intrapersonal communication
 - b. Gestures
 - c. Interspersal communication
 - d. Public communication

SECTION B (30 MARKS): SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

1.	State any five importance of health communication.	(5 marks)
2.	Describe how to prepare to interview a patient.	(5 marks)
3.	Describe qualities of a good counsellor.	(5 marks)
4.	Describe 5 components of therapeutic nurse-patient relationship.	(5 marks)
5.	State 5 characteristics of effective communication.	(5 marks)
6.	Describe Behavioral counselling theory.	(5 marks)

SECTION C (20 MARKS): LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

Mrs X has visited excellent counselling clinic hospital where you are working as a nurse counsellor

a.	State goals of counselling.	(4 marks)
b.	Describe counselling process using the phases.	(16 marks)