

MURANG'A UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED HEALTH SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL LABORATORIES

ORDINARY UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MEDIACALLABORATORY SCIENCE HNB 135 – FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING PRACTICE II DURATION: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. Answer ALL questions.
- 2. Mobile phones are not allowed in the examination room.
- 3. You are not allowed to write on this examination question paper.

SECTION A – (20 MARKS)

- 1) Which of the following is included in Oren's theory?
 - A. Maintenance of sufficient intake of air
 - B. Self-perception
 - C. Love and belonging
 - D. Physiologic needs.
- 2) The nursing council of Kenya (NCK) is established under the nursing Act cap
 - A. 274
 - B. 247
 - C. 257
 - D. 254
- 3) When administering enema
 - A. The client should lie in the right lateral position
 - B. The enema tube should be inserted 8 inches into clients' rectum
 - C. The client should be advised to retain the enema for 30 minutes
 - D. The nurse should position the client in the left lateral position
- 4) An example of an independent nursing intervention is
 - A. Administering blood
 - B. Starting an intravenous fluid
 - C. Teaching a patient about the effects of prescribed drugs
 - D. Administering emergency drugs according to institutional protocols
- 5) Placenta is disposed in a bin coded
 - A. Black
 - B. Yellow
 - C. Red
 - D. Blue
- 6) The following is true about high level disinfectants
 - A. They actually kill some bacteria
 - B. They actually kill some viruses
 - C. They actually will kill fungi
 - D. Kill some bacteria endospores
- 7) A high flow device used in oxygen administration is;
 - A. Simple mask
 - B. Ventum mask
 - C. Non rebreather mask
 - D. Partial rebreather mask
- 8) Human body tissues are;
 - A. Clinical waste
 - B. Pharmaceutical waste
 - C. Pathological waste
 - D. Radiation waste
- 9) After giving a urinal, a nurse notices deposit in the urine. The best action would be;
 - A. Call the doctor to review the patient
 - B. Catheterize patient to monitor urine
 - C. Tell the patient the deposit is normal
 - D. Take urine specimen for investigations
- 10) A technique that aims at preventing cross infection of communicable disease is called A. Isolation

- B. Reverse isolation
- C. Barrier nursing
- D. Reverse nursing
- 11) Qualities of critical thinking nurse include
 - A. Suspending the judgement
 - B. Pose questions and answers
 - C. Don't admit lack of knowledge
 - D. Avoid challenging situations
- 12) The following are characteristics of a theory except
 - A. Logical in nature
 - B. Relatively complex
 - C. Testable hypothesis
 - D. Contribute and assists in increasing nursing body of knowledge
- 13) The emergence of professional nursing is attributed to
 - A. Virginia Henderson
 - B. Jean Warson
 - C. Florence Nightgale
 - D. Faye Abdellar
- 14) Dorothea Orem (1971) is credited with
 - A. The first explicit use of the term self-care in nursing
 - B. The first explicit use of nursing self-care concept model
 - C. Interdependence model
 - D. All of the above
- 15) The act of painlessly putting to death persons suffering from distressing disease is
 - A. Organic donation
 - B. Inquest
 - C. Euthanasia
 - D. Advance health care directives
- 16) Which of the following statement is correct about intra dermal injections?
 - A. Commonly administered on inner aspect of the forearm
 - B. Commonly place the drug between the dermis and the muscle
 - C. Given at an angle of 45 degrees
 - D. Commonly used in the administration of medicines such as insulin and heparin
- 17) The first action to do while applying a wet or dry dressing is
 - A. Prepare the client
 - B. Assess the clients comfort level and medicate as needed for pain
 - C. Explain the procedure to the client
 - D. Wash hands
- 18) According to Kubler ross's stages of dying and death, a client when pray, 'please God just let me live long enough to see my grandchild graduate'; Is at what stage of dying and death?
 - A. Denial
 - B. Bargaining
 - C. Depression
 - D. Anger
- 19) An aseptic technique;
 - A. Is the state of being free from disease causing contaminants
 - B. Aims to prevent cross infection to patients and staff

- C. Is the invasion and multiplication of microorganisms within tissue?
- D. Involves practices that minimise the introduction of microorganisms to patients during patient care.
- 20) A health care practitioner has ordered cephalexin 500mg p o qid for 3/7 this means the drug will be given?
 - A. Parenteral three times a week
 - B. Per oral four times a day for three days
 - C. Parenteral four times a day for three days
 - D. Per oral three times a day

SECTION B -ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- a) State five (5) assessments during vital signs observation. (5 marks)
 b) State five (5) indicators for oxygen administration. (5 marks)
 c) State five (5) reasons of transferring a patient from one hospital to another. (5 marks)
 d) Give five (5) indications for routine urine testing. (5 marks)
 e) Explain the documents you would make after pressure area care. (5 marks)
 f) State five (5) precautions you will take while oxygen implementation is in progress. (5 marks)
 g) Explain four (4) indications for positioning a patient in bed. (5 marks)
- h) Explain five (5) responsibilities of a nurse during drug administration. (5 marks)
- i) Outline five principles that guide use of personal protective equipment's in infection prevention. (5 marks)

SECTION C – LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS – ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION- (40 MARKS)

1) Mrs K comes to the medical world accompanied by a relative

	a) Define history taking	(1 marks)
	b) Explain how you prepare the environment for history taking	(7 marks)
	c) Describe the implementation (steps) of history taking procedure.	(12 marks)
2)	Mr. X is admitted and requires blood investigation	
	a) Define blood specimen collection	(1 mark)
	b) Outline five (5) indications for blood specimen collection.	(5 marks)
	c) Explain the assessment of a patient before collecting blood specir	nen. (5 marks)
	d) Explain the following three (3) positions used to nursing patients in bed.	
	i. Knee chest position	(3 marks)
	ii. Trendelenburg position	(3 marks)

iii. Fowler's position (3 marks)